

PATENT
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APPLICATION FOR LETTERS PATENT

TITLE: PROGRAM GUIDE INFORMATION PROVIDING
DEVICE, PROGRAM DEVICE INFORMATION
PROVIDING SYSTEM, INFORMATION RECEIVING
DEVICE, REMOTE OPERATING SYSTEM, AND
METHOD THEREOF

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BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a program guide information providing device, a program guide information providing system, an information receiving device, a remote operating system, and the method for these, and is suitably applied to a receiver which receives broadcast waves transmitted from a broadcast station for example and which displays images according to the broadcast waves on a monitor.

2. Description of the Related Art

Conventionally, with broadcasting stations which perform broadcasting services using analog ground waves, usable frequency bands are appropriated beforehand, and the broadcasting stations transmit their own program data using the appropriated frequency bands. Receivers situated in the homes of viewers (hereafter referred to as IRDs (Integrated Receiver Decoders)) select program data from a desired broadcasting station from the multiple sets of program data sent from various broadcasting stations according to selecting operations made by viewers, and decode and display

1. 1997. 1998. 1999. 2000. 2001. 2002. 2003. 2004. 2005. 2006. 2007. 2008. 2009. 2010. 2011. 2012. 2013. 2014. 2015. 2016. 2017. 2018. 2019. 2020. 2021. 2022. 2023. 2024. 2025. 2026. 2027. 2028. 2029. 2030. 2031. 2032. 2033. 2034. 2035. 2036. 2037. 2038. 2039. 2040. 2041. 2042. 2043. 2044. 2045. 2046. 2047. 2048. 2049. 2050. 2051. 2052. 2053. 2054. 2055. 2056. 2057. 2058. 2059. 2060. 2061. 2062. 2063. 2064. 2065. 2066. 2067. 2068. 2069. 2070. 2071. 2072. 2073. 2074. 2075. 2076. 2077. 2078. 2079. 2080. 2081. 2082. 2083. 2084. 2085. 2086. 2087. 2088. 2089. 2090. 2091. 2092. 2093. 2094. 2095. 2096. 2097. 2098. 2099. 2100. 2101. 2102. 2103. 2104. 2105. 2106. 2107. 2108. 2109. 2110. 2111. 2112. 2113. 2114. 2115. 2116. 2117. 2118. 2119. 2120. 2121. 2122. 2123. 2124. 2125. 2126. 2127. 2128. 2129. 2130. 2131. 2132. 2133. 2134. 2135. 2136. 2137. 2138. 2139. 2140. 2141. 2142. 2143. 2144. 2145. 2146. 2147. 2148. 2149. 2150. 2151. 2152. 2153. 2154. 2155. 2156. 2157. 2158. 2159. 2160. 2161. 2162. 2163. 2164. 2165. 2166. 2167. 2168. 2169. 2170. 2171. 2172. 2173. 2174. 2175. 2176. 2177. 2178. 2179. 2180. 2181. 2182. 2183. 2184. 2185. 2186. 2187. 2188. 2189. 2190. 2191. 2192. 2193. 2194. 2195. 2196. 2197. 2198. 2199. 2200. 2201. 2202. 2203. 2204. 2205. 2206. 2207. 2208. 2209. 2210. 2211. 2212. 2213. 2214. 2215. 2216. 2217. 2218. 2219. 2220. 2221. 2222. 2223. 2224. 2225. 2226. 2227. 2228. 2229. 2230. 2231. 2232. 2233. 2234. 2235. 2236. 2237. 2238. 2239. 2240. 2241. 2242. 2243. 2244. 2245. 2246. 2247. 2248. 2249. 2250. 2251. 2252. 2253. 2254. 2255. 2256. 2257. 2258. 2259. 2260. 2261. 2262. 2263. 2264. 2265. 2266. 2267. 2268. 2269. 2270. 2271. 2272. 2273. 2274. 2275. 2276. 2277. 2278. 2279. 2280. 2281. 2282. 2283. 2284. 2285. 2286. 2287. 2288. 2289. 2290. 2291. 2292. 2293. 2294. 2295. 2296. 2297. 2298. 2299. 2300. 2301. 2302. 2303. 2304. 2305. 2306. 2307. 2308. 2309. 2310. 2311. 2312. 2313. 2314. 2315. 2316. 2317. 2318. 2319. 2320. 2321. 2322. 2323. 2324. 2325. 2326. 2327. 2328. 2329. 2330. 2331. 2332. 2333. 2334. 2335. 2336. 2337. 2338. 2339. 2340. 2341. 2342. 2343. 2344. 2345. 2346. 2347. 2348. 2349. 2350. 2351. 2352. 2353. 2354. 2355. 2356. 2357. 2358. 2359. 2360. 2361. 2362. 2363. 2364. 2365. 2366. 2367. 2368. 2369. 2370. 2371. 2372. 2373. 2374. 2375. 2376. 2377. 2378. 2379. 2380. 2381. 2382. 2383. 2384. 2385. 2386. 2387. 2388. 2389. 2390. 2391. 2392. 2393. 2394. 2395. 2396. 2397. 2398. 2399. 2400. 2401. 2402. 2403. 2404. 2405. 2406. 2407. 2408. 2409. 2410. 2411. 2412. 2413. 2414. 2415. 2416. 2417. 2418. 2419. 2420. 2421. 2422. 2423. 2424. 2425. 2426. 2427. 2428. 2429. 2430. 2431. 2432. 2433. 2434. 2435. 2436. 2437. 2438. 2439. 2440. 2441. 2442. 2443. 2444. 2445. 2446. 2447. 2448. 2449. 2450. 2451. 2452. 2453. 2454. 2455. 2456. 2457. 2458. 2459. 2460. 2461. 2462. 2463. 2464. 2465. 2466. 2467. 2468. 2469. 2470. 2471. 2472. 2473. 2474. 2475. 2476. 2477. 2478. 2479. 2480. 2481. 2482. 2483. 2484. 2485. 2486. 2487. 2488. 2489. 2490. 2491. 2492. 2493. 2494. 2495. 2496. 2497. 2498. 2499. 2500. 2501. 2502. 2503. 2504. 2505. 2506. 2507. 2508. 2509. 2510. 2511. 2512. 2513. 2514. 2515. 2516. 2517. 2518. 2519. 2520. 2521. 2522. 2523. 2524. 2525. 2526. 2527. 2528. 2529. 2530. 2531. 2532. 2533. 2534. 2535. 2536. 2537. 2538. 2539. 2540. 2541. 2542. 2543. 2544. 2545. 2546. 2547. 2548. 2549. 2550. 2551. 2552. 2553. 2554. 2555. 2556. 2557. 2558. 2559. 2560. 2561. 2562. 2563. 2564. 2565. 2566. 2567. 2568. 2569. 2570. 2571. 2572. 2573. 2574. 2575. 2576. 2577. 2578. 2579. 2580. 2581. 2582. 2583. 2584. 2585. 2586. 2587. 2588. 2589. 2590. 2591. 2592. 2593. 2594. 2595. 2596. 2597. 2598. 2599. 2600. 2601. 2602. 2603. 2604. 2605. 2606. 2607. 2608. 2609. 2610. 2611. 2612. 2613. 2614. 2615. 2616. 2617. 2618. 2619. 2620. 2621. 2622. 2623. 2624. 2625. 2626. 2627. 2628. 2629. 2630. 2631. 2632. 2633. 2634. 2635. 2636. 2637. 2638. 2639. 2640. 2641. 2642. 2643. 2644. 2645. 2646. 2647. 2648. 2649. 2650. 2651. 2652. 2653. 2654. 2655. 2656. 2657. 2658. 2659. 2660. 2661. 2662. 2663. 2664. 2665. 2666. 2667. 2668. 2669. 2670. 2671. 2672. 2673. 2674. 2675. 2676. 2677. 26

Now, with regard to analog ground wave broadcasting systems, an arrangement is being proposed wherein data called electronic program guide information (hereafter referred to as EPG (Electronic Program Guide) data) indicating the contents of each program is periodically distributed from a specified broadcasting station, in order to notify viewers of the programs to be provided from each broadcasting station. This EPG data is made up of information such as the program title, date and time of broadcast, broadcasting channel, description of the program etc., and serves as material whereby the viewers can decide which programs to watch.

In this case, the IRD receives and stores the EPG data periodically sent from the broadcasting station transmitting the EPG data in memory, reads the EPG data from the memory according to display operations made by the viewer, and displays this on the external monitor. Thus, the viewer can view the EPG data displayed on the monitor, and decide which program to watch.

At this time, in the event that the user performs a reserved recording setting operation for a program which the viewer desires to view, the IRD stores the program information such as data and time of the program and the

Now, the EPG data contains information regarding an immense number of programs, but the monitor display screen for displaying the EPG data is limited, so the IRD can only display a portion of the program information for the immense number of programs on the monitor display screen. Accordingly, the viewer must perform a scrolling operation to search through the immense number of programs to find a desired program, which has been a problem in that the searching efficiency of finding a program to watch is poor. Also, in the event of multiple users sharing an IRD, each user records program data on the same recording medium, which means that the program data for each user exists on the same recording medium in mixed fashion, which has led to cases wherein a given user accidentally erases the program data which another user had recorded on the recording medium.

Further, remote commanders generally using infrared rays are employed as means for performing remote operation of the IRD, but the remote commander can only be used within a certain range from the IRD, so there is the need for the

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention made to solve such problems
stores beforehand in program guide information storing
means program guide information indicating the contents of
programs to be supplied by predetermined program supplying
means;

correlates preference information indicating the preferences of user using the communication terminal device with identification information appropriated to the communication terminal device, and stores the preference information beforehand in preference information storing

means;

reads from the preference information storing means the preference information corresponding to the identification information transmitted from the communication terminal device;

searches programs matching the preferences of the user from the program guide information based on the read preference information;

generates searched program guide information comprising the searched programs; and

transmits the searched program guide information to the communication terminal device;

thereby providing the user with program guide information matching the preferences of the user, regardless of the location of the user using the communication terminal device.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Fig. 1 is a block diagram illustrating the analog ground wave broadcasting system according to the present invention;

Fig. 2 is a block diagram illustrating an embodiment of an information receiving device according to the present invention;

Fig. 3 is a table illustrating the contents of EPG

data;

Fig. 4 is a block diagram illustrating the configuration of a cellular telephone with remote-control functions;

Fig. 5 is a block diagram illustrating the configuration of a cellular telephone;

Fig. 6 is a flowchart illustrating the program reservation setting process procedures in the case of obtaining EPG data from an IRD;

Fig. 7 is another flowchart illustrating the program reservation setting process procedures in the case of obtaining EPG data from an IRD;

Fig. 8 is a flowchart illustrating the program reservation setting process procedures in the case of obtaining EPG data from an EPG server; and

Fig. 9 is another flowchart illustrating the program reservation setting process procedures in the case of obtaining EPG data from an EPG server.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

An embodiment of the present invention will now be described with reference to the drawings.

(1) Configuration of the analog ground wave broadcasting system

In Fig. 1, reference numeral 1 illustrates the overall

configuration of the analog ground wave broadcasting system comprising a remote operating system, with the transmitting devices 2A through 2N serving as program supplying means installed at each broadcasting station transmitting picture signals and audio signals for the programs via the transmitting antennas 3A through 3N. The relay device 4 relays the broadcast waves transmitted from each of the transmitting devices 2A through 2N, and distributes these to the receivers 5 situated in the homes of viewers (hereafter referred to as IRDs (Integrated Receiver Decoders)).

The IRD 5 receives the broadcasting waves distributed from the multiple broadcasting stations with a receiving antenna 6, selects program data of the broadcasting station specified from the received program data of the multiple broadcasting stations according to selection operations made by the viewer (user) with a cellular telephone with remote commander functions (hereafter referred to as "cellular telephone with remote-control functions") MS1, demodulates the program data of the selected broadcasting station, and outputs and displays this on a monitor 8 serving as the display means.

(2) Configuration of IRD

As shown in Fig. 2, the IRD 5 receives command signals S1 superimposed on infrared rays and transmitted from the cellular telephone with remote-control functions MS1 (Fig.

The tuner 15 extracts broadcast waves of the channel (broadcast station) according to the channel selection signal S3 from the broadcast waves received by the receiving antenna 6 (Fig. 1), demodulates the broadcast waves of the extracted channel so as to generate audio signals S5 and picture signals S6, and sends the audio signals S5 to the audio processing unit 16 while sending the picture signals S6 to the picture processing unit 17.

The audio decoder 19 expands and decodes the audio encoded data S7, and sends the audio data S9 obtained thereby to the digital/analog (D/A) conversion circuit 21. The D/A conversion circuit 21 performs digital/analog conversion of the audio data S9, thereby restoring the audio signals S10 before input to the audio processing unit 16, which is output to the monitor 8 (Fig. 1).

The picture decoder 20 expands and decodes the picture encoded data S8, and sends the picture data S11 obtained thereby to the RGB encoder 22. The RGB encoder 22 performs conversion of the picture data S11 into NTSC (National Television System Committee) luminance signals and chromatic signals and performs digital/analog conversion thereof, thereby generating picture signals S12, which are sent to

the monitor 8 (Fig. 1).

Hence, the picture of the program which the viewer has selected is displayed on the display screen 8A of the monitor 8 (Fig. 1), while the audio of the program which the viewer has selected is output from the speaker of the monitor 8.

Now, with regard to the analog ground wave broadcasting system 1, program description data called electronic program guide information (referred to as EPG (Electronic Program Guide) data) is periodically distributed from a specified broadcasting station, in order to notify viewers of the programs to be provided from each broadcasting station.

This EPG data is generated for each program, and as shown in Fig. 3, is made up of information such as individual program ID, broadcasting station No. of transmitting station, broadcasting station name of transmitting station, start time of program, duration (or ending time) of program, program title, program sub-title supplementing the program title, program description, and program genre, and serves as material for the viewers to make judgement. Note that the program ID, broadcasting station No., and program genre are represented in code data, the broadcasting station name, program title, program sub-title, and program description, are represented in text data,

The transmitting device 2 installed at a specific broadcasting station superimposes EPG data for one week for example upon the VBI (Vertical Blanking Interval) of the picture signals, and this is periodically transmitted daily using time frames such as late night or early morning.

The VBI slicer 25 extracts the EPG data S16 from the picture signals S15, and transfers the EPG data S16 to the RAM 13 serving as program guide information storing means via the bus BUS, where it is stored. Thus, the IRD 5 updates the EPG data S16 stored in the RAM 13 daily, and always stores the newest EPG data S16 in the RAM 13.

In this state, in the event that the viewer performs an operation with the cellular telephone with remote-control functions MS1 (Fig. 1) for displaying the EPG screen, the cellular telephone with remote-control functions MS1 transmits a command signal S1 for displaying the EPG screen to the infrared transmitting/receiving unit 10. The infrared transmitting/receiving unit 10 converts this

The CPU 11, upon detecting the fact that a command signal S2 has been supplied, generates EPG screen data S17 by subjecting the EPG data S16 to graphic processing on the RAM 13, based on dictionary data such as characters and symbols stored in the ROM 12, and then sends the EPG screen data S17 to the graphic engine 26 via the bus BUS.

Now, in the event that the viewer performs an operation with the cellular telephone with remote-control functions MS1 (Fig. 1) for recording the picture and audio of a program, the cellular telephone with remote-control functions MS1 transmits a command signal S1 for performing a recording action to the infrared transmitting/receiving unit 10. The infrared transmitting/receiving unit 10 converts this command signal S1 into a command signal S2 formed of an electric signal, which is sent to the CPU 11.

Here, in the event that the CPU 11 judges that the recording of the program specified by the viewer has been completed, the CPU 11 generates recorded title list data S21 made up of a list of titles of programs recorded in the recording media unit 30, based on the EPG data S16 stored in the RAM 13 beforehand, and this recorded title list data S21 is stored in the flash memory 31. The CPU 11 updates the recorded title list data S21 each time a program is newly recorded to the recording media unit 30, thereby constantly storing the newest recorded title list data S21 in the flash memory 31.

In this state, in the event that the viewer performs

The CPU 11, upon detecting the fact that a command signal S2 has been supplied, transfers the recorded title list data S21 to the RAM 13, generates recorded title list screen data S22 by subjecting the recorded title list data S21 to graphic processing on the RAM 13, based on dictionary data such as characters and symbols stored in the ROM 12, and then sends the recorded title list screen data S22 to the graphic engine 26 via the bus BUS.

The graphic engine 26 generates recorded title list image signals S23 by converting the recorded title list screen data S22 into NTSC luminance signals and chromatic signals, and performs digital/analog conversion thereof, which are sent to the RGB encoder 22. The RGB encoder 22 mixes the image signals S12 and recorded title list image signals S23 and outputs these to the monitor 8 (Fig. 1), thereby displaying a recorded title list screen according to

the recorded title list image signals S23 on the display screen 8A of the monitor 8.

Now, in the event that the viewer performs an operation with the cellular telephone with remote-control functions MS1 (Fig. 1) for reproducing the picture and audio of a desired program while viewing the recorded title list screen displayed on the display screen 8A of the monitor 8, the cellular telephone with remote-control functions MS1 transmits a command signal S1 for performing a reproducing action to the infrared transmitting/receiving unit 10. The infrared transmitting/receiving unit 10 converts this command signal S1 into a command signal S2 formed of an electric signal, which is sent to the CPU 11.

The CPU 11, upon detecting the fact that a command signal S2 has been supplied, controls the actions of the circuits via the bus BUS such that the picture and audio of the program specified with the cellular telephone with remote-control functions MS1 (Fig. 1) are reproduced. That is, the recording media unit 30 reads out the multiplex data S25 of the program specified from the multiplex data of the multiple programs recorded in the built-in recording medium (not shown), and sends this to the multiplex/dividing unit 18.

The multiplex/dividing unit 18 divides the multiplex data S25 into audio encoded data S26 and picture encoded

data S27, and of these the audio encoded data S26 is sequentially passed through the audio decoder 19 and D/A converting circuit 21 so as to generate audio signals S28, which are output to the monitor 8 (Fig. 1), and the picture encoded data S27 is sequentially passed through the picture decoder 20 and RGB encoder 22 so as to generate picture signals S29, which are sent to the monitor 8.

Incidentally, the CD-ROM (Compact Disk - Read Only Memory) 35 has stored therein program logos for major programs and face photo icons made up of face photos of personalities performing in the major programs, and once the CD-ROM 35 is set in the CD-ROM decoder 36 the CD-ROM decoder 36 reads out from the CD-ROM 35 the program logo and face photo icon data as program recognition data S35 with which the viewer associates the program, and transfers and stores this in the flash memory 31 via the CPU 11. Also, the operating input unit 37 is for performing various types of setting operations, and notifies the set operation information to the CPU 11.

(3) User registration processing procedures

Now, in the case of this embodiment, in the event that there are multiple users using the IRD 5, each user is provided with a personal cellular telephone MS. In this case, each user performs remote operation of the IRD 5 using his/her own cellular telephone MS via the cellular telephone

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with remote-control functions MS1, thereby allowing one IRD 5 to be shared, and also allowing the IRD 5 to be remote-operated from locations away from home.

Each cellular telephone MS has an individual telephone No. appropriated thereto as unique identification information, and in the event that the telephone No. of the cellular telephones MS are input via the operating input unit 37, the CPU 11 of the IRD 5 stores and registers the telephone No. of the input cellular telephones MS in the flash memory 31.

Accordingly, in an arrangement wherein the cellular telephone with remote-control functions MS1 transmits command information sent from a cellular telephone MS with the telephone No. thereof attached as a command signal S1, the IRD 5 can specify the cellular telephone MS which issued the command information, i.e., the user, based on the telephone Nos. of the cellular telephones MS stored in the flash memory 31.

Now, with the present embodiment, the IRD 5 stores and records broadcast program preference information of each user (hereafter referred to as "program preference information") beforehand in the flash memory 31 serving as preference information storing means. That is to say, in the event that a user operates the user registration screen key of the operating input unit 37 provided to the IRD 5,

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the CPU 11 of the IRD 5 generates user registration screen data on the RAM 13 based on the control program being implemented in the RAM 13, and displays a predetermined user registration screen based on the user registration screen data thus generated on the display screen 8A of the monitor 8.

Then, as the user following the guidance of the user registration screen to sequentially inputs program preference information made up of information such as channels and genres and the like preferred by each user, via the operating input unit 37, the CPU 11 stores and registers in the flash memory 31 the program preference information of each user in a manner correlated with the telephone No. of the cellular telephone MS which each user uses.

(4) Configuration of the cellular telephone system

The cellular telephone with remote-control functions MS1 is positioned at a predetermined position in the home of the viewer, so that infrared exchange can be made with the IRD 5. Fig. 4 illustrates the configuration of the cellular telephone with remote-control functions MS1. The cellular telephone with remote-control functions MS1 inputs audio signals of the user input from the microphone 40 into a transmitting/receiving circuit unit 41. The transmitting/receiving circuit unit 41 sequentially executes processing on these audio signals such as digitizing

processing, compression encoding processing, and modulating processing, so as to generate transmission signals, which are transmitted via the antenna 42.

On the other hand, at the time of receiving, the cellular telephone with remote-control functions MS1 inputs reception signals received by the antenna 42 to the transmitting/receiving circuit unit 41. The transmitting/receiving circuit unit 41 sequentially executes processing on these received signals such as expansion, decoding processing, demodulating processing, and analog processing, so as to restore the audio signals, which are output from the speaker 43. Thus, the user can hear the voice of the other party via the speaker 43.

The CPU 44 reads the control programs stored in the memory 45 as necessary, and controls the actions of the circuits by executing the control programs which have been read out. Also, the CPU 44 controls the actions of the circuits based on operating information input via the operating input unit 46, and displays predetermined information on the display 47, according to necessity.

The infrared transmitting/receiving unit 48 superimposes command signals S1 being supplied from the CPU 44 onto infrared rays which are transmitted to the IRD 5, and also receives transmission signals being transmitted from the IRD 5, superimposed on infrared rays, and converts

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the received reception signals into electric signals which are sent to the CPU 44.

As shown in Fig. 1, the cellular telephone with remote-control functions MS1 exists within a cell C1 formed by dividing an area to which communication service by the cellular telephone system is provided into desired sizes, such that the cellular telephone with remote-control functions MS1 performs wireless communication with a base station BS1 installed within the cell C1. The base station BS1 is connected to a mobile communication control station 50 of a higher order, and the mobile communication control station 50 stores in home memory 51 the position information indicating that the cellular telephone with remote-control functions MS1 exists within the cell C1, based on the signals being sent from the base station BS1.

Now, let us say that in this state, the user takes his/her own cellular telephone MS2 out of the home, and moves into a cell C2 where a base station BS2, for example, is. In this case, the cellular telephone MS2 performs wireless communication with the base station BS2 within the cell C2, and the mobile communication control station 50 stores in home memory 51 the position information indicating that the cellular telephone MS2 exists within the cell C2, based on the signals being sent from the base station BS2.

Fig. 5 illustrates the configuration of the cellular

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telephone MS2. The cellular telephone MS2 inputs audio signals of the user input from the microphone 55 into a transmitting/receiving circuit unit 56. The transmitting/receiving circuit unit 56 sequentially executes processing on these audio signals such as digitizing processing, compression encoding processing, and modulating processing, so as to generate transmission signals, which are transmitted via the antenna 57.

On the other hand, at the time of receiving, the cellular telephone MS2 inputs reception signals received by the antenna 57 to the transmitting/receiving circuit unit 56. The transmitting/receiving circuit unit 56 sequentially executes processing on these received signals such as expansion decoding processing, demodulating processing, and analog processing, so as to restore the audio signals, which are output from the speaker 58. Thus, the user can hear the voice of the other party via the speaker 58.

The CPU 59 reads the control programs stored in the memory 60 as necessary, and controls the actions of the circuits by executing the control programs which have been read out. Also, the CPU 59 controls the actions of the circuits based on operating information input via the operating input unit 61, and displays predetermined information on the display 62, according to necessity. The audio synthesizing unit 63 generates audio signals based on

the instructions of the CPU 59, which are output from the speaker 58, thereby communicating the desired information to the user.

(5) Program reservation settings processing procedures

As shown in Fig. 1, in the event that the cellular telephone MS2 exists in the cell C2, the user operating the call key of the operating input unit 61 and inputting the telephone No. of the cellular telephone with remote-control functions MS1 causes the CPU 59 of the cellular telephone MS2 to execute the program reservation settings processing procedures RT1 for obtaining EPG data from the IRD 5, as shown in Fig. 6 and Fig. 7.

That is, once the CPU 59 of the cellular telephone MS2 enters into the program reservation settings processing procedures RT1 for obtaining EPG data from the IRD 5, as in Fig. 6 and Fig. 7, the flow proceeds to step SP1, the action of the transmitting/receiving circuit unit 56 is controlled so as to call the cellular telephone with remote-control functions MS1. In the subsequent step SP2, judgement is made regarding whether or not the cellular telephone with remote-control functions MS1 and the cellular telephone MS2 have been connected by a line, and the processing steps SP1 and SP2 are sequentially repeated until positive results are obtained.

In the event that positive results are obtained for

step SP2, this means that the cellular telephone with remote-control functions MS1 and the cellular telephone MS2 have been connected by a line, so in this case the CPU 59 of the cellular telephone MS2 proceeds to step SP3, and in the event that the reservation key of the operating input unit 61 is pressed, this is detected and the flow proceeds to step SP4, where the reservation command data corresponding to the pressed reservation key are read out from the memory 60, and the read reservation command data is transmitted to the cellular telephone with remote-control functions MS1 via the transmitting/receiving circuit unit 56 and antenna 57 in sequence.

Then, in the subsequent step SP5, the cellular telephone with remote-control functions MS1 receives the reservation command data sent from the cellular telephone MS2, and transmits the received reservation command data with the telephone No. of the cellular telephone MS2 attached thereto as command signal S1 to the IRD 5, by superimposing on infrared rays. In the subsequent step SP6, the CPU 11 of the IRD 5 analyses the command signal S1 received by the infrared transmitting/receiving unit 10, and judgement is made whether or not the telephone No. of the cellular telephone MS2 indicated by the analysis results thereof is stored in the flash memory 31.

In the event that positive results are obtained in

step SP6, this means that the telephone No. of the cellular telephone MS2 is stored in the flash memory 31, so in this case the CPU 11 of the IRD 5 proceeds to the subsequent step SP7 and acts as searching means to read out the program preference information which corresponds to the telephone No. of the cellular telephone MS2 from the flash memory 31.

Then, the CPU 11 of the IRD 5 searches programs matching the preferences of the user from the EPG data S16 stored in the RAM 13 based on this program preference information, generates EPG data from the searched programs, and transmits the generated EPG data from the infrared transmitting/receiving unit 10 to the cellular telephone with remote-control functions MS1.

In the subsequent step SP8, the cellular telephone with remote-control functions MS1 receives the EPG data being sent from the IRD 5, and transmits the received EPG data to the cellular telephone MS2. Then, in step SP9, the cellular telephone MS2 receives the EPG data sent from the cellular telephone with remote-control functions MS1 with the antenna 57, and sends this to the CPU 59 via the antenna 57 and transmitting/receiving circuit unit 56 in sequence. The CPU 59 of the cellular telephone MS2 stores this EPG data in the memory 60, and displays the EPG screen corresponding to the EPG data on the display 62 serving as the notifying means.

In this state, in the event that the user presses the audio guide key of the operating input unit 61, the CPU 59 reads out the EPG data from the memory 60, and supplies this to the audio synthesizing unit 63. The audio synthesizing unit 63 generates audio signals based on this EPG data, and outputs the audio signals from the speaker 58 serving as the notifying means, thereby audibly notifying the user of the information corresponding to the EPG screen.

Then, in step SP10, in the event that the desired program is selected from the multiple programs displayed on the EPG screen, the CPU 59 of the cellular telephone MS2 proceeds to the subsequent step SP11, and transmits the date and time of broadcast of the selected program, the channel thereof, program title, and so forth, as reservation program data, to the cellular telephone with remote-control functions MS1.

In the subsequent step SP12, the cellular telephone with remote-control functions MS1 receives the reservation program data sent from the cellular telephone MS2, and transmits the received reservation program data to the IRD 5. In step SP13, the IRD 5 receives this reservation program data with the infrared transmitting/receiving unit 10, and following storing the received reservation program data to the flash memory 31 and performing the reservation settings, transmits reservation completed data indicating that the

reservation settings have been completed from the infrared transmitting/receiving unit 10 to the cellular telephone with remote-control functions MS1.

In step SP14, the cellular telephone with remote-control functions MS1 receives the reservation completed data being sent from the IRD 5, and transmits the received reservation completed data to the cellular telephone MS2. In the subsequent step SP15, the cellular telephone MS2 receives the reservation completed data with the antenna 57, and sends this to the CPU 59 via the antenna 57 and transmitting/receiving circuit unit 56 in sequence. The CPU 59 of the cellular telephone MS2 generates message information corresponding to the reservation completed data, and displays this on the display 62, thereby notifying the user that reservation has been completed.

In this state, in the event that the user presses the audio guide key of the operating input unit 61, the cellular telephone MS2 makes audio output from the speaker 58 that the reservation has been completed. Then, the CPU 59 of the cellular telephone MS2 completes the processing procedures in step SP16.

On the other hand, in the event that negative results are obtained in step SP6, this means that the telephone No. of the cellular telephone MS2 is not stored in the flash memory 31 of the IRD 5, so in this case the CPU 11 of the

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IRD 5 proceeds to step SP17, generates reservation unavailable data indicating that reservation setting is not available in this case, which is transmitted from the infrared transmitting/receiving unit 10 to the cellular telephone with remote-control functions MS1.

In the subsequent step SP18, the cellular telephone with remote-control functions MS1 receives the reservation unavailable data being sent from the IRD 5, and transmits the received reservation unavailable data to the cellular telephone MS2. In the subsequent step SP19, the cellular telephone MS2 receives the reservation unavailable data sent from the cellular telephone with remote-control functions MS1 with the antenna 57, and sends this to the CPU 59 via the antenna 57 and transmitting/receiving circuit unit 56 in sequence. The CPU 59 generates message information corresponding to this reservation unavailable data and displays it on the display 62, thereby notifying the user that reservation is not available.

In this state, in the event that the user presses the audio guide key of the operating input unit 61, the cellular telephone MS2 audibly outputs from the speaker 58 that reservation is not available. Then, the CPU 59 of the cellular telephone MS2 completes the processing procedures in step SP16.

Subsequently, the CPU 11 of the IRD 5 acts as

Then, once the user performs operations to display the recorded title list screen on the cellular telephone MS2, the CPU 11 of the IRD 5 reads the recording title list data S21 from the flash memory 31, transmits the read recording title list data S21 to the cellular telephone MS2 via the cellular telephone with remote-control functions MS1, and displays the recording title list screen corresponding to the recording title list data S21 on the display 62 of the cellular telephone MS2.

In the above-described configuration, the IRD 5 correlates the program preference information of each user with the telephone No. of the cellular telephone MS used by each user, and stores each of these in the flash memory 31.

In this state, in the event that a user uses a cellular telephone MS2 from out of the home to perform an EPG screen display operation, the CPU 11 of the IRD 5 reads the program preference information corresponding to the telephone No. of the cellular telephone MS2 sent from the cellular telephone MS2 via the cellular telephone with remote-control functions MS1 from the flash memory 31, and EPG data matching the preferences of the user using the cellular telephone MS2 is generated based on the read program preference information.

Then, the CPU 11 of the IRD 5 transmits this generated EPG data to the cellular telephone MS2 via the cellular telephone with remote-control functions MS1, and an EPG screen corresponding to the transmitted EPG data is displayed on the display 62 of the cellular telephone MS2.

Thus, even in the event that the user is out of the home with the cellular telephone MS2, all the user needs to do is to operate the cellular telephone MS2 from the remote location, and programs matching the preference of the user can be searched from the immense number of programs contained in the EPG data S16 stored in the IRD 5 and displayed on the display 62 of the cellular telephone MS2. Accordingly, each user can use the IRD 5 as if it were his/her personal IRD.

Also, displaying only the programs recorded by the

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user on the display 62 of the cellular telephone MS2 out of the programs that have been recorded on the recording medium unit 30 as a recorded title list screen facilitates ease of managing the programs, even in the event that the number of programs recorded on the recording medium unit 30 increases. At this time, the user can only display his/her recorded title list screen on the display 62, so erroneous operations wherein the user erases programs recorded by other users can be prevented.

According to the above configuration, program preference information for each of multiple users is registered beforehand to the IRD 5 for each telephone No. of the cellular telephones MS used by each user, and in the event that a given user of the multiple users performs a program list display operation with his/her own cellular telephone MS, a list of programs matching the preferences of the user using the cellular telephone MS is generated based on the program preference information corresponding to the telephone No. transmitted from the cellular telephone MS via the cellular telephone with remote-control functions MS1, and this is transmitted to the cellular telephone MS, thereby allowing a program list matching the preferences of the user to be provided to the user, regardless of where the user using the cellular telephone MS is located.

(7) Other embodiments

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Now, in the above-described embodiment, an arrangement wherein the cellular telephone MS2 obtains EPG data from the IRD 5 was described, but the present invention is by no means restricted to such; rather, an arrangement may be made wherein EPG data is obtained from other various types of information providing apparatus such as an EPG server 71 connected to the mobile communication control station 50 via the Internet 70, as shown in Fig. 1. In the event of obtaining EPG data from the EPG server 71, there is no need for the IRD 5 to store EPG data S16 in the RAM 13 of the IRD 5, so the memory capacity of the RAM 13 can be conserved.

In this case, the user registers his/her own program preference information in a manner correlated with the user ID serving as identification information, to the database unit (not shown) of the EPG server 71 beforehand.

Then, in the event that the user of the cellular telephone MS2 operates the call key of the operating input unit 61 and inputs the telephone No. of the access point of the ISP, the CPU 59 of the cellular telephone MS2 executes a program reservation setting processing procedure RT2 for obtaining EPG data from the EPG server 71, as shown in Figs. 8 and 9.

That is, as shown in Figs. 8 and 9, once the flow enters the program reservation setting processing procedure RT2 for obtaining EPG data from the EPG server 71, the CPU

59 of the cellular telephone MS2 proceeds to step SP20, calls the access point of the ISP by controlling the action of the transmitting/receiving circuit unit 56, and in the subsequent step SP21 accesses the EPG server 71.

Then, in the event that the user inputs the user ID via the operating input unit 61, the CPU 59 of the cellular telephone MS2 in step SP22 transmits the input user ID to the EPG server 71 via the transmitting/receiving circuit unit 56 and antenna 57 in sequence. In step SP23, the EPG server 71 receives the user ID sent from the cellular telephone MS2, and judges whether or not the received user ID is registered in the database unit.

In the event that positive results are obtained for step SP23, this means that the user ID of the user using the cellular telephone MS2 has been registered in the database unit, and at this time the EPG server 71 proceeds to the subsequent step SP24, reads the program preference information corresponding to the user ID from the database unit, generates EPG data matching the preferences of the user based on the read program preference information, and transmits this to the cellular telephone MS2.

In step SP25, the cellular telephone MS2 receives the EPG data sent from the EPG server 71 with the antenna 57, and sends this to the CPU 59 via the antenna 57 and transmitting/receiving circuit unit 56 in sequence. The CPU

In this state, in the event that the user presses the audio guide key of the operating input unit 61, the CPU 59 reads out the EPG data from the memory 60, and supplies this to the audio synthesizing unit 63. The audio synthesizing unit 63 generates audio signals based on this EPG data, and outputs the audio signals from the speaker 58, thereby audibly notifying the user of the information corresponding to the EPG screen.

Then, in step SP26, in the event that the desired program is selected from the multiple programs displayed on the EPG screen, the CPU 59 of the cellular telephone MS2 proceeds to the subsequent step SP27, and transmits the date and time of broadcast of the selected program, the channel thereof, program title, and so forth, as reservation program data, to the cellular telephone with remote-control functions MS1.

In the subsequent step SP28, the cellular telephone with remote-control functions MS1 receives the reservation program data sent from the cellular telephone MS2, and transmits the received reservation program data to the IRD 5. In step SP29, the IRD 5 receives this reservation program data with the infrared transmitting/receiving unit 10, and

following storing the received reservation program data to the flash memory 31 and performing the reservation settings, transmits reservation completed data indicating that the reservation settings have been completed from the infrared transmitting/receiving unit 10 to the cellular telephone with remote-control functions MS1.

In step SP30, the cellular telephone with remote-control functions MS1 receives the reservation completed data being sent from the IRD 5, and transmits the received reservation completed data to the cellular telephone MS2. In the subsequent step SP31, the cellular telephone MS2 receives the reservation completed data with the antenna 57, and sends this to the CPU 59 via the antenna 57 and transmitting/receiving circuit unit 56 in sequence. The CPU 59 generates message information corresponding to the reservation completed data, and displays this on the display 62, thereby notifying the user that reservation has been completed.

In this state, in the event that the user presses the audio guide key of the operating input unit 61, the cellular telephone MS2 makes audio output from the speaker 58 that the reservation has been completed. Then, the CPU 59 of the cellular telephone MS2 completes the processing procedures in step SP32.

On the other hand, in the event that negative results

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In step SP34, the cellular telephone MS2 receives the unregistered data being sent from the EPG server 71 with the antenna 57, and sends the unregistered data to the CPU 59 via the antenna 57 and transmitting/receiving circuit unit 56 in sequence. The CPU 59 generates message information corresponding to this unregistered data and displays it on the display 62, thereby notifying the user that the input user ID is unregistered.

In this state, in the event that the user presses the audio guide key of the operating input unit 61, the cellular telephone MS2 audibly outputs from the speaker 63 that the input user ID is unregistered. Then, the CPU 59 of the cellular telephone MS2 completes the processing procedures in step SP32.

Also, though the above embodiments have been described as a case wherein setting operation of the registration recording is performed from the cellular telephone MS2, the present invention is not restricted to such; rather, various setting operations such as power on/off, switching channels,

Also, though the above embodiments have been described with reference to a case wherein the EPG screen is displayed on the display 62 of a cellular telephone MS2, the present invention is not restricted to such; rather, the display of the EPG screen may be made on the display screen 8A of a monitor 8.

Also, though the above embodiments have been described with reference to a case wherein the cellular telephone with remote-control functions MS1 and the IRD 5 are connected with infrared, the present invention is not restricted to such; rather, an arrangement may be made wherein the connection is a line connection using Ethernet, for example.

Also, though the above embodiments have been described with reference to a case wherein the telephone No. of the

cellular telephone MS2 is transmitted each time command signals S1 are transmitted from the cellular telephone with remote-control functions MS1 to the IRD 5, the present invention is not restricted to such; rather, an arrangement may be made wherein the telephone No. of the cellular telephone MS2 is transmitted at the time of turning on the power of the IRD 5 so as to register this telephone No. in the IRD 5, and cancel the registration at the point of turning off the power or completing registration settings.

Also, though the above embodiments have been described with reference to a case wherein EPG data indicating the contents of programs provided from broadcasting stations is provided from an IRD 5 to a cellular telephone MS2, the present invention is not restricted to such; rather, program guide information indicating the contents of other various programs may be provided from a program guide information providing device to a cellular telephone MS.

Also, though the above embodiments have been described with reference to a case wherein the cellular telephone MS2 is used as a communication terminal device, the present invention is not restricted to such; rather, other various communication terminal devices may be widely applied.

Further, though the above embodiments according to the present invention have been described with reference to an arrangement wherein information received by an IRD 5 of a

As described above, the present invention stores beforehand in program guide information storing means program guide information indicating the contents of programs to be supplied by predetermined program supplying means;

reads from the preference information storing means the preference information corresponding to the identification information transmitted from the communication terminal device;

generates searched program guide information comprising the searched programs; and

transmits the searched program guide information to the communication terminal device;

thereby allowing the user to be provided with program guide information matching the preferences of the user, regardless of the location of the user using the communication terminal device.

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